D0Note 4430

Cabling for the Run IIb L1 Calorimeter Upgrade

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Abstract

During the Run IIb upgrade scheduled for the summer of 2005, the existing Level 1 Calorimeter trigger electronics will be replaced. The existing cables which provide the trigger pick-off signal from the calorimeter will be reused, but the input to the new electronics will use a different kind of cable and connector, thus requiring some form of transition connector, patch panel or bulkhead. The layout of the new calorimeter trigger racks and electronic crates should also minimize the movement of the existing and irreplaceable cables. A new map of the calorimeter precision readout and the existing and upgrade trigger readout is presented including physics and trigger channels, racks inside and outside the collision hall, electronics crates and readout cards, and all cables.

Introduction

The DØ Run IIb upgrade, scheduled for the summer of 2005, will improve the selection of data samples required for the Higgs search and the high- p_T physics program while providing sufficient background rejection to meet constraints imposed by the readout electronics and data acquisition system [1].

The DØ Run IIb trigger upgrade is designed to operate at a peak luminosity of 5x10³² cm⁻²s⁻¹ with 132 ns bunch spacing. The laboratory baseline plan for Run IIb is a luminosity of 2x10³² cm⁻² sec⁻¹ with 396 ns bunch spacing, but DØ should have the capability of operating at higher instantaneous luminosities with either bunch spacing. The DØ trigger upgrade is consistent with this plan.

The main elements of the calorimeter trigger upgrade are listed below.

- Analog to Digital Converter and Digital-Filter Boards (ADF) that receive analog Trigger Tower (TT) signals from the Baseline Subtracter (BLS) cards, digitize them, convert from energy to transverse energy (ET) and perform the digital filtering to associate energy with the correct bunch crossing. Each of these boards deals with signals from 16 Electromagnetic Trigger Towers [EM TTs] and 16 Hadronic Tigger Towers [HD TTs].
- ADF Timing Fanout boards that send timing signals coming from the trigger framework to the ADF cards.
- Trigger Algorithm Boards (TAB) that receive TT transverse energies from the ADF boards, produce EM and jet cluster ET's using the sliding windows algorithm and begin the global summing process that will yield scalar summed transverse energy (E_{T,total}) and missing transverse energy (Mp_T). Outputs will also be provided at this level for data transmission to L2/L3 and to the Cal-Track Match system.
- A Global Algorithm Board (GAB) that receives data from the TABs and produces the final E_{T,total} and Mp_T, as well as providing an interface to the DØ Trigger Framework and a timing fanout. One Global Algorithm Board (GAB) is required for the system. It will be housed in the same crate as the TABs to facilitate communication between them.

Current Physical Layout

The existing L1 calorimeter trigger electronics reside on the first floor of the Moveable Counting House (MCH) occuping 20 crates in 10 racks (Figures 1a-b). Each rack contains the calorimeter trigger front-end (CTFE) cards for 128 trigger towers TT (all 32 ϕ 's for four consecutive η 's) as it is shown in Figures 1a-b.

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M103 TT \eta = (+1:+4) M107 TT \eta = (+9:+12) M111 TT \eta = (+17:+20) M104 TT \eta = (-1:-4) M108 TT \eta = (-9:-12) M112 TT \eta = (-17:-20) M105 TT \eta = (+5:+8) M109 TT \eta = (+13:+16) M106 TT \eta = (-5:-8) M110 TT \eta = (-13:-16)
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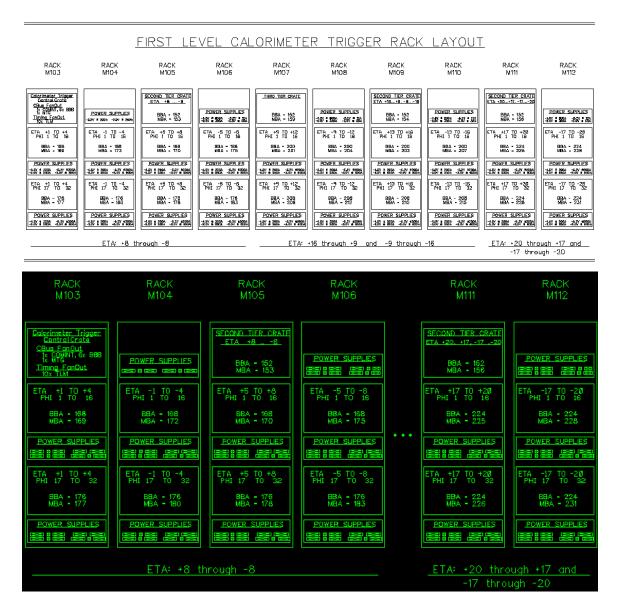


Figure 1: Diagram of the existing L1 CAL Run I trigger rack layout in MCH1 [2]. (a) There are ten racks – M103 through M112 - each with two crates of electronics. (b) In each rack, all trigger towers for all phi and a set of four etas are readout.

Upgrade Physical Layout

Run IIb will retain the present trigger architecture with three trigger levels. However, the existing calorimeter trigger electronics will be replaced with a new more compact system. The new electronics will be housed in five 6U VME crates in five racks. The ADF racks will be located in M104, M106, M109 and M111 as shown in Figure 2. The TAB rack will be located in M108. The remaining rack

space can be used for patch panels described below. There is flexibility in the new layout (Figure 2b) to reposition any rack to the right or left by one rack.

RACK M106 RACK M103 RACK M104 RACK M105 RACK M107 RACK M108 RACK M110 RACK M111 RACK M112 SECOND TIER CRATE Colorimeter Trigger Control Crate SECOND TIER CRATE THIRD TIER CRATE SECOND TIER CRATE CBus FonOut tx COMNT, 6x BBB POWER SUPPLIES -4.5V • 600A -5.2V • 12A -2.0V • 500A -5.0V • 50A POWER SUPPLIES POWER SUPPLIES POWER SUPPLIES POWER SUPPLIES 5.2V • 200A +5.0V • 200A BBA - 152 MBA - 153 BBA • 152 MBA • 154 BBA • 152 MBA • 156 BBA - 152 MBA - 159 Timing FanOut 10x TLM -4.5V 0 600A -5.2V 0 12A -2.0V 0 300A -5.0V 0 50A -4.5V 0 500A -5.2V 0 12A -2.0V 0 300A -5.0V 0 50A -4.5V @ 500A -5.2V @ 12A -2.0V @ 300A -5.0V @ 56A TA +1 TO +4 PHI 1 TO 16 ETA -1 TO -4 PHI 1 TO 18 F16 +5 TO +8 A +17 TD +28 4 +9 TO +12 F90 1 TO 16 *13 TO +16 10 TO 16 TA -37 TG -28 PHI 1 TG 16 984 - 168 MBA - 169 88A * 188 MBA * 172 59A + 224 MBA + 225 88A - 228 EBA + 168 88A - 168 MBA - 175 88A - 205 MBA - 201 88A - 200 MBA - 204 88A - 200 MBA - 202 BBA - 200 MBA - 207 POWER SUPPLIES -4-5V 6 200A -5-2V 6200A -2.0V 6 200A -5-0V 6 600A POWER SUPPLIES -4.5V © 200A -5.2V © 200A -2.0V © 200A -3.0V © 600A POWER SUPPLIES -4.5V 6 200A -5.2V 9200A -2.0V 6 250A -5.0V 9 600A POWER SUPPLIES -4.5V @ 200A -3.2V @200A -2.0V @ 25GA -5.0V @ 600A POWER SUPPLIES -4.5V © 200A -5.2V ©200A -2.0V © 23GA -5.6V © 60GA POWER SUPPLIES POWER SUPPLIES POWER SLIPPLIES POWER SURPLIES POWER SUPPLIES -4.5V 8 200A -5.2V 8200A -2.0V 8 250A -5.0V 8 500A -4.5V 0 200A -5.2V 0200A -2.0V 0 250A -5.0V 0 500A -4.5V 8 200A -5.2V 8200A -2.0V 8 250A -5.0V 8 500A -4.5V @ 200A -5.2V @200A -2.0V @ 250A -5.0V @ 600A ETA +6 TD +8 PHI 17 TO 32 TA +13 TO +16 PHI 17 TO 32 TA -13 TG -18 PHG 17 TO 32 TA +17 TG +28 PHI 17 TG 32 STA -17 TD -28 68A × 176 MBA × 177 89A × 176 M9A × 180 89A - 208 MBA - 215 BBA - 224 MBA - 226 593A + 224 MGA + 231 POWER SUPPLIES -4.5V • 200A -5.2V • 200A -2.2V • 250A -5.0V • 600A POWER SUPPLIES ETA: +16 through +9 and -9 through -16 ETA: +20 through +17 and -17 through -20 Draft of Run IIB L1 CAL Upgrade Trigger Rack Layout RACK M103 RACK M104 RACK M111 RACK M112 POWER SUPPLIES POWER SUPPLIES POWER SUPPLIES POWER SUPPLIES POWER SUPPLIES TAB ADE CRATE 3 ADF CRATE 4 ADF CRATE I ADF (RATE 2

Run I L1 CAL Trigger Current Rack Layout

Figure 2: (a) Existing and (b) proposed calorimeter trigger rack layouts. The color code shows how the calorimeter trigger inputs will be reassigned from the existing trigger crates to the new ADF crates.

POSSIBLE PATCH

Each ADF rack contains only one ADF crate, which contains 20 ADF boards with 16 channels each. Also each channel corresponds to one trigger tower. Each ADF crate and rack receives inputs from 320 TTs.

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ADF Rack 1 ("M104")
TT \eta = (+1:+4) \times \phi = (1:32) + \eta = (-1:-4) \times \phi = (1:32) + \eta = (+5:+8) \times \phi = (1:16)

ADF Rack 2 ("M106")
TT \eta = (+5:+8) \times \phi = (17:32) + \eta = (-5:-8) \times \phi = (1:32) + \eta = (+9:+12) \times \phi = (1:32)

ADF Rack 3 ("M109")
TT \eta = (-9:-12) \times \phi = (1:32) + \eta = (+13:+16) \times \phi = (1:32) + \eta = (-13:-16) \times \phi = (1:16)

ADF Rack 4 ("M111")
TT \eta = (-13:-16) \times \phi = (17:32) + \eta = (+17:+20) \times \phi = (1:32) + \eta = (-17:-20) \times \phi = (1:32)
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The ADF boards are labelled from 1 to 80. Boards 1 to 20 are in rack number 1 and so on. The eta & phi distribution per board is shown in Figure 3.

ADF Board – Trigger Eta & Phi Distribution											
Trigger Eta ∨s Phi	Current Rack	1 4	5 8	9 12	13 16	17 20	21 24	25 28	29 32		
-17 –20	M112	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80		
-13 –16	M110	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64		
-9 –12	M108	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48		
-5 –8	M106	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32		
-1 -4	M104	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16		
1 4	M103	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8		
5 8	M105	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24		
9 12	M107	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40		
13 16	M109	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56		
17 20	M111	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72		

Figure 3: Eta-Phi distribution per ADF board compared with the current Eta-Phi distribution per rack. Yellow=ADF Rack 1, Red= ADF Rack 2, Blue=ADF Rack 3 and Green=ADF Rack 4.

Cables

The new trigger layout will reuse the existing cables which provide the trigger pick-off signal from the calorimeter platform BLS racks to MCH1. These cables are commonly referred to as "the Blue cables" [3] and were installed at the very beginning of Run I. They are made of 0.1 inch diameter ribbon coaxial cable. Four adjacent coaxial cables in one ribbon are used to carry the differential EM and HD signals for a given trigger tower. This ribbon coaxial cable was made by a company called New England Wire. The lengths of the Blue cables are:

- 130 feet to North End-Cap Calorimeter [EC]
- 150 feet to Central Calorimeter [CC]
- 180 feet to South End-Cap Calorimeter [EC]

The Blue cables are terminated with an 8 pin Amphenol connector at the MCH1 end. The ADF boards require a 20 pin AMP connector, so it is not possible to connect the Blue cables directly into the ADF boards [4]. Extension cables and patch panels to make the transition from the Blue cables to the ADF boards is needed. The design of this signal transition system will be described in a later D0 Note.

There are other advantages to using patch panels for the new layout. The movement of the Blue cables is minimized. The Blue cables cannot be replaced because of their age and their location inside the collision hall. The patch panels makes easier accessing the signals and debugging the connections and cables.

A design for strain relief and cable flow to ease air flow and cooling will be simpler if the extra racks with patch panels are used.

There are 1280 trigger towers and each trigger tower is comprised of an EM and an HD channel. There are 2560 analog channels in total. Each ADF card accommodates 32 channels or 16 TTs each with an EM and HD component (Figure 4). There are 80 ADF cards in total (Figure 5). The ADF cards are housed in 4 fully populated 21-slot crates. Each crate contains 20 ADF cards and a VME Interconnect to make the interface to the Trigger Control Computer (TCC). There are a total of 320 TTs in each ADF crate, and only one ADF crate in each ADF rack.

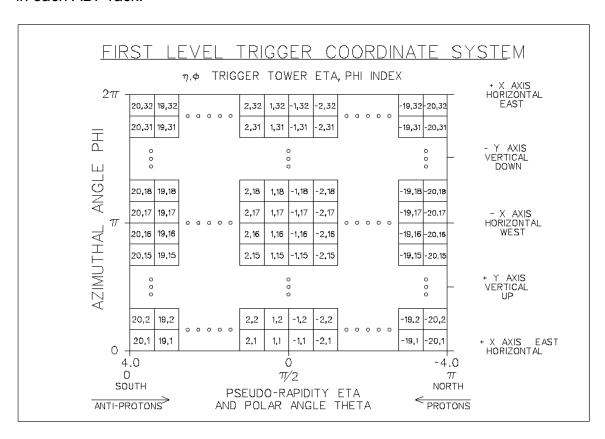


Figure 4: Calorimeter Trigger Tower coordinate system in azimuthal angle, phi, and pseudorapidity, eta. There are 1280 total trigger towers.

There are three output cables from each ADF card (Figure 6) which carry identical copies of the ADF card data (Figure 7). Each TAB card (Figure 8) has ten sliding windows (SW) chips. Each SW chip receives inputs from 3 different ADF cards. A total of 30 cables from ADF cards in each of the four ADF crates with signals from 480 TTs are received by each TAB card as shown in Figure 9. There is a three-fold redundancy in the TT input to the TAB system.

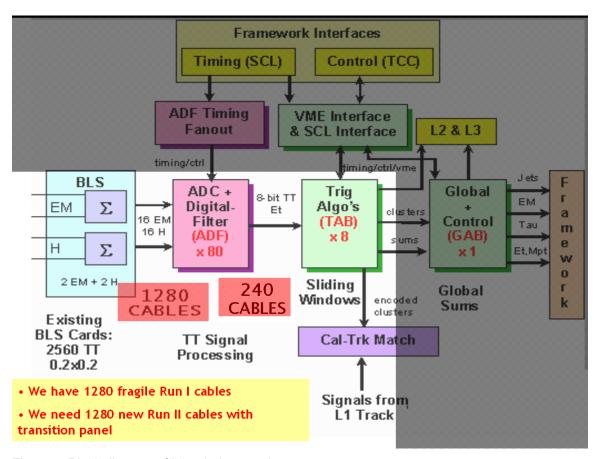


Figure 5. Block diagram of L1 calorimeter trigger system.

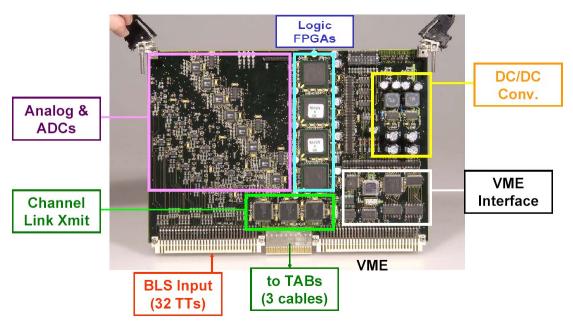


Figure 6: Analog to Digital-Digital Filtering (ADF) prototype which receives inputs from 16x2 Trigger Towers (TTs).

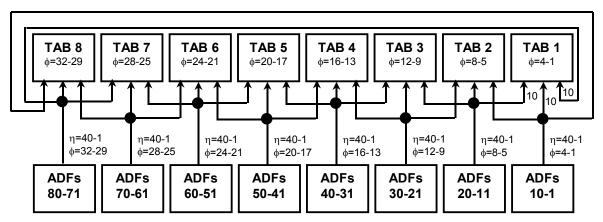


Figure 7: Diagram of signal flow between the ADFs and the TABs.

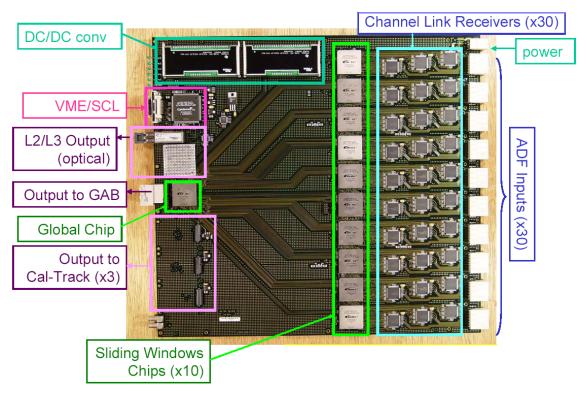


Figure 8: Trigger Algorithm Board (TAB) prototype which receives inputs from 30 different ADF cards and 480 TTs.

TAB Board#	\top		1			2			3			4	
Trigger Phi		32	1-4	5-8	1-4	5-8	9-12	5-8	9-12	13-16	9-12	13-16	17-20
SW Chip ∨s Trigger Eta			В	С	A	В	С	A	В	С	A	В	С
1 -20 -17		0	73	74	73	74	75	74	75	76	75	76	77
2 -16-13		4	57	58	57	58	59	58	59	60	59	60	61
312 -9		8	41	42	41	42	43	42	43	44	43	44	45
48-5		2	25	26	25	26	27	26	27	28	27	28	29
54-1		6	9	10	9	10	11	10	11	12	11	12	13
614		3	4	2	1	2	3	2	3	4	3	4	5
758	2	4	17	18	17	18	19	18	19	20	19	20	21
89 12		0	33	34	33	34	35	34	35	36	35	36	37
913 16	5	6	49	50	49	50	51	50	51	52	51	52	53
1017 20	7	2	65	66	65	66	67	66	67	68	67	68	69
TAB Board #	5				6			7			8		
Trigger Phi	13 16	17 2	10 2°	1 24	17 20	21 24	25 28	21:	24 25	28 29	32 25	28 29 3	2 14
SW Chip # ∨s Trigger Eta	Α	В		С	Α	В	С	А	. E	3 0		АВ	С
120 -17	76	77		78	77	78	79	71	3 7	9 8	0 7	9 80	73
216-13		61		62	61	62	63	6:	2 6	3 6	4 6	3 64	57
312 -9		45		46	45	46	47	4(6 4	7 4	8 4	7 48	41
48-5	28	29		30	29	30	31	30) 3	1 3	2 3	1 32	25
54-1	12	13		14	13	14	15	114	l 1	5 1	6 1	5 16	9
61 4	4	5		6	5	6	7	6	ĭ	7 8	3 7	7 8	1
75 8	20	21		22	21	22	23	2:	2 2	3 2	4 2	3 24	17
89 12	36	37		38	37	38	39	31	3 3	9 4	0 3	9 40	33
913 16	52	53		54	53	54	55	54	1 5	5 5	6 5	5 56	49
1017 20	68	69		70	69	70	71	71) 7	1 7	2 7	1 72	65

Figure 9: ADF output distribution to TAB per ADF board, per SW chip. Each ADF card is numbered from 1 to 80 and appears three times in the above table. The color scheme distinguishes in which ADF crate and rack the ADF card is located.

Acknowledgements

The necessary documentation and pictures were provided for Hal Evans (Columbia University).

http://www.nevis.columbia.edu/~evans/l1cal/hardware/hardware.html

Also mention Dan Edmunds, Phillip Laurens and Denis Calvet.

References

- [1] "D0 RUN IIB UPGRADE TECHNICAL DESIGN REPORT". D0 Collaboration, FERMILAB-PUB-02-327-E, Dec 2002.
- [2] Figures 1a-b were borrowed with permission from the Michigan State University Run IIa L1 Cal Trigger web page, maintained by Dan Edmunds and Philippe Laurens: http://www.pa.msu.edu/hep/d0/I1/cal_trig/.
- [3] "Cables that Run from the Existing BLS Trigger Tower Pickoff Signal Cables to ADF Backplane", D. Edmunds (10 Apr 2004)

 http://www.pa.msu.edu/hep/d0/ftp/run2b/l1cal/hardware/adf_2/general/bls_to_adf_backplane extension cables.txt
- [4] "Cabling in the Run IIb L1Cal Trigger" http://www.nevis.columbia.edu/~evans/l1cal/hardware/cabling/adf_to_tab_cable_map.html#cablediag
- [5] For a description of the calorimeter layout, layers, and towers, see D0 Note 774, "Calorimeter Addressing Version 1.1", Jim Linnemann (11/7/88).

The full description of the current BLS cable runs is provided in:
[6] "Central BLS Card to Calorimeter Trigger Front-End Card" Hal Evans (6/6/90)
(http://www.pa.msu.edu/hep/d0/ftp/run1/l1/caltrig/cabling/central_bls_card_to_ctfe_card.txt)

[7] "End Cap BLS Card To Calorimeter Trigger Front-End Card" Hal Evans (6/6/90) (http://www.pa.msu.edu/hep/d0/ftp/run1/l1/caltrig/cabling/end cap bls card to c tfe card.txt)

[8] A full map can be found on the following spread sheet: (http://www2.uic.edu/~mcamuy2/trigger/Cables BLS CTFE New Conf A05.xls)